

Rehmann

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

November 7, 2022

Board of Trustees Herrick District Library Holland, Michigan

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of *Herrick District Library* (the "Library"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Library, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Independent Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Library and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Library's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Independent Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

 conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Library's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the schedules for the pension plan, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 7, 2022, on our consideration of the Library's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Library's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Herrick District Library (the "Library"), we offer readers of the Library financial statements this narrative review and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that is furnished in the financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The Library's total net position increased by \$1,425,311. Of this amount, \$1,425,300 was attributable to governmental activities and the remaining \$11 increase is related to business-type activities.
- Total revenues increased from the prior year from \$6,868,810 to \$7,072,522. Expenses decreased from \$6,410,965 to \$5,647,211.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Library's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$11,246,805, an increase of \$1,241,378 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$8,316,792 or 143% of total General Fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Library's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Library's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Library's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference being reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Library is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Library's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Library, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Library can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Library maintains four governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Endowment Permanent Fund, Capital Projects Fund, each of which are major funds for financial reporting purposes as defined by GASB Statement #34, and the nonmajor LSTA Collaborative Grant special revenue fund.

The Library adopts an annual appropriated budget for the General Fund and special revenue fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided herein to demonstrate compliance with the major fund - the General Fund - budget.

Proprietary Funds. The Library maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Library uses an enterprise fund to account for the Employee Vending Fund. An internal service fund is used to accumulate resources to fund the Library's compensated absence liability. Because this service predominately benefits governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The Library's internal service fund is presented in the proprietary fund financial statements in the Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund column.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. This is limited to this management's discussion and analysis and the schedules for the MERS pension plan immediately following the notes to the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As previously stated, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Library, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$17,136,201 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

	Net Position										
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total						
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021					
Current and other											
assets	\$ 11,694,107	\$ 10,564,747	\$ 1,561	\$ 1,550	\$ 11,695,668	\$ 10,566,297					
Capital assets, net	7,815,045	7,719,068	-	-	7,815,045	7,719,068					
Total assets	19,509,152	18,236,024	1,561	1,550	19,510,713	18,285,365					
Deferred outflows											
of resources	282,025	334,459	-		282,025	334,459					
Long-term debt	186,272	207,445	-	-	186,272	207,445					
Other liabilities	1,743,739	2,405,253	-	-	1,743,739	2,405,253					
Total liabilities	1,930,011	2,564,907	-	-	1,930,011	2,612,698					
Deferred inflows											
of resources	726,526	296,236	-	-	726,526	296,236					
Net position:											
Net investment in											
capital assets	7,781,511	7,671,277	-	-	7,781,511	7,671,277					
Restricted	2,764,221	2,718,033	-	-	2,764,221	2,718,033					
Unrestricted	6,588,908	5,320,030	1,561	1,550	6,590,469	5,321,580					
Total net position	\$ 17,134,640	\$ 15,709,340	\$ 1,561	\$ 1,550	\$ 17,136,201	\$ 15,710,890					

A substantial portion of the Library's net position, \$7,781,511 (45.4%), reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment) less related depreciation and related lease payable. The Library uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

An additional portion of the Library's net position of \$2,764,221 (16.1%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Of this amount \$1,269,188 is considered nonexpendable because it is, by donor intent, restricted to use as corpus for a permanent endowment fund. The Library may use the remaining balance of unrestricted net position of \$6,590,469 (38.5%) to meet its ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Library is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, and for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

There was an increase of \$46,188 in restricted net position reported in connection with the Library's governmental activities due to donor contributions and investment earnings. The Library's unrestricted net position increased \$1,268,889. This change was primarily the result of an increase in property tax revenue and a decrease in capital outlay expenses.

	Change in Net Position									
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	То	tal				
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021				
Program revenues:										
Charges for services	\$ 181,390	\$ 163,620	\$-	\$-	\$ 181,390	\$ 163,620				
Operating grants and										
contributions	565,983	576,938	-	-	565,983	576,938				
General revenues:										
Property taxes	6,325,149	6,128,252	-	-	6,325,149	6,128,252				
Total revenues	7,072,522	6,868,810	-	-	7,072,522	6,868,810				
Expenses:										
Library services	5,646,822	6,410,922	-	-	5,646,822	6,410,922				
Employee vending	-	-	389	43	389	43				
Total expenses	5,646,822	6,410,922	389	43	5,647,211	6,410,965				
Change in net position,										
before transfers	1,425,700	457,888	(389)	(43)	1,425,311	457,845				
Transfers	(400)	(400)) 400	400	-					
Change in net										
position	1,425,300	457,488	11	357	1,425,311	457,845				
Net position:										
Beginning of year	15,709,340	15,251,852	1,550	1,193	15,710,890	15,253,045				
End of year	\$ 17,134,640	\$ 15,709,340	\$ 1,561	\$ 1,550	\$ 17,136,201	\$ 15,710,890				

The Library's net position increased by \$1,425,311 during the current fiscal year. As compared to the prior year increase of \$457,845, this change was primarily the result of increased property tax revenues, along with a reduction in other operating and capital expenses.

Financial Analysis of the Library's Funds

The Library's General Fund had a current year increase in fund balance of \$1,044,917 and total fund balance of \$8,332,311 at year-end. The increase from the prior year is primarily attributable to an increase in property tax revenue, State Aid, and contributions from local governments.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The Library's Endowment Permanent Fund had a current year increase in fund balance of \$46,188, and total fund balance of \$2,764,221 at year-end.

The Capital Projects Fund had a current year increase of \$150,273, bringing the total fund balance to \$150,273 at year end. This was a result of a transfer in from the General Fund in the current year.



Revenues by Source - Governmental Funds

Expenditures by Type - Governmental Funds



Management's Discussion and Analysis

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There were no significant revisions between the original and final amended budget.

This year the Library received an increase in property tax revenue because property values came in higher than expected. There was also an unexpected increase in State aid.

The budget of \$6,555,939 includes an extra \$125,000 contribution to the MERS defined benefit retirement, a \$150,000 transfer to fund future capital projects, and \$450,000 for capital outlay costs. Library services were expanded with the opening of the first off site 24-hour library system.

Capital Assets

	Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)						
		Governmen	tal A	Activities			
		2022		2021			
Land	\$	617,975	\$	617,975			
Construction in progress		47,135		-			
Buildings		6,039,342		6,148,235			
Improvements other than							
buildings		23,627		26,100			
Equipment and machinery		459,167		275,795			
Library collection		476,844		461,801			
Office equipment and							
furniture		117,504		141,371			
Leased equipment		33,451		47,791			
Total capital assets, net	\$ 7,815,045 \$ 7,719,068						

During the year capital assets additions increased by \$610,063 for a 24 hour library system, book replacements, and a boiler replacement at the main branch. Additional information on the Library's capital assets can be found in Note 5 to the financial statements.

Long-term Debt

Additional information on the Library long-term debt can be found in Note 6 to the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

Property taxes account for 90.2% of the library's General Fund revenues. Property values continue to rise in the Holland area, and the levy for FY 21/22 was 1.429 mills. For FY 22/23 the tax levy will be 1.4091 mills.

The Library seeks to provide services to our community the best ways possible. The Library has a conservative and fiscally responsible budget to support the Library's programs, activities and resources in our mission to empower the community to connect, discover and create. For the next fiscal year, the Library anticipates building updates to the main Library funded by the fund balance reserves.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Library's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Director, Herrick District Library, 300 South River Avenue, Holland, Michigan 49423.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Assets			
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 11,362,479	\$ 1,561	\$ 11,364,040
Receivables, net	316,109	-	316,109
Prepaids	15,519	-	15,519
Capital assets:			
Not being depreciated	665,110	-	665,110
Being depreciated/amortized, net	7,149,935		7,149,935
Total assets	19,509,152	1,561	19,510,713
Deferred outflows of resources			
Deferred pension amounts	282,025		282,025
Liabilities			
Payables	261,030	-	261,030
Lease payable:			
Due within one year	14,320	-	14,320
Due in more than one year	19,214	-	19,214
Long-term debt:			
Due within one year	93,136	-	93,136
Due in more than one year	93,136	-	93,136
Net pension liability (due in more than one year)	1,449,175		1,449,175
Total liabilities	1,930,011		1,930,011
Deferred inflows of resources			
Deferred pension amounts	726,526		726,526
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets	7,781,511	-	7,781,511
Restricted for endowment:			
Nonexpendable (corpus)	1,269,188	-	1,269,188
Expendable	1,495,033	-	1,495,033
Unrestricted	6,588,908	1,561	6,590,469
Total net position	\$ 17,134,640	\$ 1,561	\$ 17,136,201

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Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Program	Revenues			
Functions / Programs	Expen	ises	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions			
Governmental activities							
Library services	\$ 5,64	6,822	\$ 181,390	\$ 565,983			
Business-type activities							
Employee vending		389	-				
Total primary government	\$ 5,64	7,211	\$ 181,390	\$ 565,983			
General revenues and transfers Property taxes Transfers - internal activities							
Total general revenues and transfers							
Change in net position							
Net position, beginning of year							
Net position, ending of year							

	Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes In Net Position									
Go	overnmental Activities		ess-type vities		Total					
\$	(4,899,449)	\$	-	\$	(4,899,449)					
. <u> </u>			(389)		(389)					
	(4,899,449)		(389)	(4,899,838						
	6,325,149 (400)		- 400		6,325,149 -					
	6,324,749		400		6,325,149					
	1,425,300		11		1,425,311					
	15,709,340		1,550		15,710,890					
\$	17,134,640	\$	1,561	\$	17,136,201					

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

						nmajor Fund	
	General	Endowment Permanent		Capital Projects	Colla	LSTA aborative Grant	Total
Assets							
Cash and pooled investments Receivables:	\$ 8,261,674	\$	2,764,260	\$ 150,273	\$	-	\$ 11,176,207
Accounts	2,115		-	-		-	2,115
Taxes	327		-	-		-	327
Interest	4,273		-	-		-	4,273
Due from other governmental units	309,394		-	-		-	309,394
Prepaids	 15,519		-	 -		-	 15,519
Total assets	\$ 8,593,302	\$	2,764,260	\$ 150,273	\$	-	\$ 11,507,835
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	164,128		39	-		-	164,167
Accrued payroll and benefits	 96,863		-	 -		-	 96,863
Total liabilities	 260,991		39	 -		-	 261,030
Fund balances Nonspendable:							
Prepaid	15,519		-	-		-	15,519
Endowment corpus	-		1,269,188	-		-	1,269,188
Restricted - endowment expendable	-		1,495,033	-		-	1,495,033
Committed - capital replacement	-		-	150,273		-	150,273
Unassigned	 8,316,792		-	 -		-	 8,316,792
Total fund balances	 8,332,311		2,764,221	 150,273		-	 11,246,805
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 8,593,302	\$	2,764,260	\$ 150,273	\$	-	\$ 11,507,835

Reconciliation Fund Balances for Governmental Funds to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2022	
Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 11,246,805
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in the governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Capital assets not being depreciated	665,110
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized	16,259,526
Accumulated depreciation/amortization	(9,109,591)
Certain liabilities, such as leases payable, are not due and payable in the	
current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(22.52.4)
Lease payable	(33,534)
Certain pension-related amounts, such as the net pension liability and deferred amounts,	
are not due and payable in the current period or do not represent current financial	
resources, and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Net pension liability	(1,449,175)
Deferred outflows related to the net pension liability	282,025
Deferred inflows related to the net pension liability	(726,526)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 17,134,640

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

				Ν	lonmajor Fund		
	General	ndowment ermanent	Capital Projects	Co	LSTA Collaborative Grant		Total
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$ 6,325,149	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	6,325,149
Intergovernmental	454,209	-	-		8,852		463,061
Service contracts - townships	134,235	-	-		-		134,235
Charges for services, fines and fees	47,155	-	-		-		47,155
Investment earnings	20,749	6,530	273		-		27,552
Miscellaneous	 28,366	 47,004	 -		-		75,370
Total revenues	 7,009,863	 53,534	 273		8,852		7,072,522
Expenditures							
Current:							
Personnel services - operations	3,577,141	-	-		-		3,577,141
Other services and charges	1,817,702	7,346	-		8,852		1,833,900
Debt service:							
Lease principal	14,257	-	-		-		14,257
Interest and fiscal charges	227	-	-		-		227
Capital outlay	 405,219	 -	 -		-		405,219
Total expenditures	 5,814,546	 7,346	 		8,852		5,830,744
Revenues over expenditures	 1,195,317	 46,188	 273		-		1,241,778
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in	-	-	150,000		-		150,000
Transfers out	 (150,400)	-	 		-		(150,400)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (150,400)	 -	 150,000		-		(400)
Net changes in fund balances	1,044,917	46,188	150,273		-		1,241,378
Fund balances, beginning of year	 7,287,394	 2,718,033			-		10,005,427
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 8,332,311	\$ 2,764,221	\$ 150,273	\$	_	\$	11,246,805

Reconciliation Net Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022	
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 1,241,378
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense. Purchase of capital assets Depreciation/amortization expense	610,063 (514,086)
Lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces lease payable in the statement of net position. Principal payments on lease payable	14,257
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds. Change in the net pension liability and related deferred amounts	 73,688
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,425,300

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Budget and Actual - General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	ctual Over nder) Final Budget
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ 6,143,899	\$ 6,141,899	\$ 6,325,149	\$ 183,250
Intergovernmental	407,240	407,240	454,209	46,969
Service contracts - townships	104,000	104,000	134,235	30,235
Charges for services, fines and fees	16,700	16,700	47,155	30,455
Investment earnings	16,500	16,500	20,749	4,249
Miscellaneous	 20,000	 20,000	 28,366	 8,366
Total revenues	 6,708,339	 6,706,339	 7,009,863	 303,524
Expenditures				
Current:				
Personnel services - operations	3,989,455	3,989,805	3,577,141	(412,664)
Other services and charges	2,078,097	2,093,122	1,817,702	(275,420)
Debt service:	_,,	_,	_,,	(
Lease principal	14,257	14,257	14,257	-
Interest and fiscal charges	227	227	227	-
Capital outlay	450,000	450,000	405,219	(44,781)
Contingency	 25,903	 8,528	-	(8,528)
Total expenditures	 6,557,939	 6,555,939	 5,814,546	 (741,393)
Revenues over expenditures	150,400	150,400	1,195,317	1,044,917
Other financing uses				
Transfers out	 (150,400)	 (150,400)	(150,400)	-
Net changes in fund balances	-	-	1,044,917	1,044,917
Fund balances, beginning of year	 7,287,394	 7,287,394	 7,287,394	 -
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 7,287,394	\$ 7,287,394	\$ 8,332,311	\$ 1,044,917

Statement of Net Position

Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

	Business-type Activities	Governmental Activities	
	Employee Vending Enterprise Fund	Compensated Absences Internal Service Fund	
Assets			
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 1,561	\$ 186,272	
Liabilities			
Current liabilities:			
Accrued compensated absences	-	93,136	
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Accrued compensated absences, net of current portion		93,136	
Total liabilities		186,272	
Net position Unrestricted	\$ 1,561	\$ -	
	÷ 1,501	<u> </u>	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position

Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Business-type Activities Employee Vending Enterprise Fund		Governmental Activities	
			Compensated Absences Internal Service Fund	
Operating revenues				
User fees and charges for services	\$	-	\$	184,971
Operating expenses				
Operations		389		184,971
Operating loss		(389)		-
Transfers				
Transfers in		400		-
Change in net position		11		-
Net position, beginning of year		1,550		-
Net position, end of year	\$	1,561	\$	-

Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Business-type Activities Employee Vending Enterprise Fund			vernmental Activities
			Compensated Absences Internal Service Fund	
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts for providing interfund services Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$	- (389) -	\$	184,971 - (206,144)
Net cash used in operating activities		(389)		(21,173)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Transfer in		400		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and pooled investments		11		(21,173)
Cash and pooled investments, beginning of year		1,550		207,445
Cash and pooled investments, end of year	\$	1,561	\$	186,272
Cash flows from operating activities Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating activities: Changes in operating liabilities which used cash:	\$	(389)	\$	-
Compensated absences payable				(21,173)
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(389)	\$	(21,173)

Notes to Financial Statements

. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Herrick District Library (the "Library") conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

Reporting Entity

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the Library. There are no component units to be included. Criteria for including a component unit include entities for which the Library is considered to be financially accountable.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities,* which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities,* which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Notes to Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Library considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Intergovernmental revenue, charges for services and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Library.

The Library reports the following major funds:

The *General Fund* is the Library's primary operating fund. It accounts for all the financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for and reported in another fund.

The *Endowment Permanent Fund* is used to record the activity and balance of endowments which are restricted for specific purposes.

The *Capital Projects Fund* is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Additionally, the Library reports the following fund types:

The *Special Revenue Fund* is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes.

The *Enterprise Fund* is used to account for the balances and activities of the various activities benefiting employees which is financed through user charges which support this service.

The *Internal Service Fund* accounts for the accumulation of both the liability and the resources to pay the compensated absences liability at year end.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise fund are charges for services. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include cafeteria expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Library's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Notes to Financial Statements

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Equity

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Comparisons to budget are presented for the General Fund as required by generally accepted accounting principles. The Library follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The Library Director submits to the Board of Trustees a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. The budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund.
- 5. Budgets for the General Fund are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 6. Adoption and amendments of all budgets used by the Library are governed by Public Act 621, which was followed for the year ended June 30, 2022. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations. The appropriations resolutions are based on the projected expenditures. Any amendment to the original budget must meet the requirements of Public Act 621. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Trustees.
- 7. Budgets for expenditures are adopted at the activity level.
- 8. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Trustees.

Cash and Pooled Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Library considers all assets held in the cash and investment pool to be cash equivalents because the investments are not identifiable to specific funds and the assets can be withdrawn at anytime, similar to a demand deposit account.

State statues authorize the Library to invest in:

Bonds, securities, other obligations and repurchase agreements of the United States, or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.

Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts or depository receipts of a qualified financial institution.

Notes to Financial Statements

Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and that matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.

Bankers' acceptances of United States banks.

Obligations of the State of Michigan and its political subdivisions, that, at the time of purchase are rated as investment grade by at least one standard rating service.

Mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 with the authority to purchase only investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by a public corporation.

External investment pools as authorized by Public Act 20 as amended through December 31, 1997.

Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

Prepaids

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. In addition, library material items such as books and certain media are capitalized as a collection although they may have an initial cost less than \$5,000. Such assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated acquisition cost on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

Notes to Financial Statements

Depreciation on capital assets of the Library is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Buildings	40
Improvements other than buildings	10-20
Equipment and machinery	7-10
Office equipment and furniture	5-7
Library collection	5

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Library reports deferred outflows of resources related to its pension plan. A portion of these costs represent contributions to the plan subsequent to the plan measurement date.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, the long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Library reported deferred inflows related to its pension plan.

Notes to Financial Statements

Fund Equity

Governmental funds report nonspendable fund balance for amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balance is reported when externally imposed constraints are placed on the use of resources by grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Committed fund balance is reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Trustees. A formal resolution of the Board of Trustees is required to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment. The Library reports assigned fund balance for amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Library currently has no assigned fund balance, as the Board of Trustees has not yet given the authority for the making of such assignments. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund.

When the Library incurs an expenditure for purposes for which various fund balance classifications can be used, it is the government's policy to use restricted fund balance first, then committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and finally unassigned fund balance.

Intergovernmental Revenue

Intergovernmental revenue includes contributions by the City of Holland, Holland Charter Township, Park Township and Laketown Township based on collection of a unified millage on property values. This revenue source also includes Library State Aid, personal property tax reimbursement, and fines collected by other governments.

Accrued Compensated Absences

Under contracts negotiated with employee groups, individual employees have a vested right to receive payments for unused vacation benefits under formulas and conditions specified in the contracts.

Accrued vacation leave is recorded as an internal service fund liability at June 30, 2022.

Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the Library has transactions between funds, including expenditures and transfers of resources to provide services and subsidies. The accompanying financial statements generally reflect such transactions as revenues and expenditures and transfers. The amounts recorded as subsidies, advances, or equity contributions are determined by the Library. Transfers for the year were \$400 from the General Fund to the Employee Vending Fund and \$150,000 from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Risk Management

The Library is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the Library carried commercial insurance to cover all risks of losses. The Library has had no settled claims resulting from these risks that exceeded their commercial coverage in the past three years.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The captions on the financial statements relating to deposits and investments are as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 11,362,479	\$ 1,561	\$ 11,364,040
Cash and pooled investments consist of the following:			
Checking/savings accounts Certificates of deposit (due within one year) Certificates of deposit (due within 1-5 years) Investments - Michigan CLASS government investmer Petty cash	nt pool		\$ 683,113 3,420,481 458,680 6,799,958 1,808
Total			\$ 11,364,040

Deposits and certificates of deposit are in multiple financial institutions located in Michigan. State law limits the Library's depository options to financial institutions located in Michigan. All accounts are in the name of the Library.

Notes to Financial Statements

Investment and Deposit Risk

Interest Rate Risk. State law limits the allowable investments and the maturities of some of the allowable investments as identified in Note 1 (summary of significant accounting policies). The Library's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The Library's investments consist of deposits in Michigan CLASS government investment pool that does not mature.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Library's deposits may not be returned. The Library minimizes this risk by pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisors to be in compliance with the requirements set forth in the Library's investment policy. As of year-end, \$3,369,693 of the Library's bank balance of \$4,670,181 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial Credit Risk – *Investments.* For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Library will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State law does not require and the Library does not have a policy for investment custodial credit risk which is more restrictive than state law.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to specific government securities, certificates of deposits and bank accounts with qualified financial institutions, commercial paper with specific maximum maturities and ratings when purchased, bankers acceptances of specific financial institutions, qualified mutual funds and qualified external investment pools as identified in Note 1 (summary of significant accounting policies). The Library investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment credit risk. The Library's investment in Michigan CLASS government investment pool is rated at AAAm by S&P Global Ratings Services.

Concentration of Credit Risk. State law limits allowable investments but does not limit concentration of credit risk as identified in the listing above. This requirement was not exceeded. All of the Library's investments are in Michigan CLASS government investment pool as noted above.

Fair Value Measurement

The Library holds shares in Michigan CLASS government investment pool whereby the fair value of the investment is measured on a recurring basis using net asset value per share (or its equivalent) of the investment pool as a practical expedient.

Notes to Financial Statements

At year end, the net asset value of the Library's investment in Michigan CLASS government investment pool was \$6,799,958. The investment pool had no unfunded commitments, specific redemption frequency or redemption notice period required. The Michigan CLASS government investment pool invests in U.S. treasury obligations, federal agency obligations of the U.S. government, high-grade commercial paper (rated 'A-1' or better) collateralized bank deposits, repurchase agreements (collateralized at 102% by Treasuries and agencies), and approved money-market funds. The program seeks to provide safety, liquidity, convenience, and competitive rates of return, and is designed to meet the needs of Michigan public sector investors. It purchases securities that are legally permissible under state statutes and are available for investment by Michigan counties, cities, townships, school districts, authorities and other public agencies.

3. RECEIVABLES, NET

Receivables are comprised of the following at year-end:

	Governmental Activities		
Accounts	\$	2,115	
Taxes		5,357	
Allowance for uncollectable taxes		(5 <i>,</i> 030)	
Interest		4,273	
Due from other governmental units		309,394	
	\$	316,109	

4. PAYABLES

Payables are comprised of the following at year-end:

	Governmental Activities		
Accounts Accrued payroll and benefits	\$	164,167 96,863	
	\$	261,030	
Notes to Financial Statements

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Changes in capital assets for the year ending June 30, 2022, are as follows:

	Beginning Balance*	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental activities					
Capital assets, not being depr	reciated:				
Land	\$ 617,975	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 617,975
Construction in progress		47,135	-		47,135
Total capital assets not being					
depreciated	617,975	47,135			665,110
Capital assets, being deprecia	ited/amortized:				
Buildings	13,603,099	133,184	-	-	13,736,283
Improvements other than	_0,000,000				
buildings	40,304	-	-	-	40,304
Equipment and machinery	461,897	223,100	-	-	684,997
Library collection	967,112	206,644	(224,881)	-	948,875
Office equipment and					
furniture	801,276	-	-	-	801,276
Leased equipment	47,791	-	-	-	47,791
	15,921,479	562,928	(224,881)	-	16,259,526
Less accumulated depreciation	on/amortization f	or:			
Buildings	(7,454,864)		-	-	(7,696,941)
Improvements other than	() =) = =)				() / - /
buildings	(14,204)	(2,473)	-	-	(16,677)
Equipment and machinery	(186,102)		-	-	(225,830)
Library collection	(505,311)		224,881	-	(472,031)
Office equipment and		· ·			. ,
furniture	(659,905)	(23,867)	-	-	(683,772)
Leased equipment	-	(14,340)	-	-	(14,340)
	(8,820,386)	(514,086)	224,881	-	(9,109,591)
Total capital assets being depreciated/	`				
amortized, net	7,101,093	48,842			7,149,935
מווטו נוצפט, וופנ	7,101,093	40,042			7,149,935
Governmental activities					
capital assets, net	\$ 7,719,068	\$ 95,977	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 7,815,045

* The Library implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, in the current year. In accordance with this Statement, leased assets have been added to the beginning balances shown above and a corresponding lease payable has been recorded for the same amount.

Notes to Financial Statements

Depreciation/amortization expense of \$514,086 was charged to the library services function.

6. LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of debt transactions of the Library for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	Beginning Balance		Additions		Deductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Compensated absences	\$	207,445	\$	184,971	\$	(206,144)	\$	186,272	\$	93,136

Compensated absences are generally liquidated by the internal service fund.

7. LEASE

The Library is involved in one agreement as a lessee that qualifies as a long-term lease agreement. Below is a summary of the nature of this agreement. This agreement qualifies as an intangible, right-to-use asset and not a financed purchase, as the Library will not own the asset at the end of the contract term and the noncancelable term of the agreement surpasses one year.

Remaining
Term of
Agreement

Asset Type Equipment

3 years

The assets acquired through leases in governmental activities are summarized as follows:

	Equipment Less accumulated depreciation			47,791 (14,340)		
	Net book value		\$	33,451		
	Beginning Balance*	Additions	Dee	ductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Lease payable	\$ 47,791	<u>\$</u> -	\$	(14,257)	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 14,320

* The Library implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, in the current year. In accordance with this Statement, lease payable have been added to the beginning balances shown above and a corresponding lease asset has been recorded for the same amount.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30,	Р	rincipal	Interest
2023 2024 2025	\$	14,320 14,406 4,808	\$ 164 78 5
	\$	33,534	\$ 247

The net present value of future minimum payments as of June 30, 2022, were as follows:

8. PENSION PLAN

General Information About the Plan

Plan Description. The Library's defined benefit pension plan provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Library participates in the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan. MERS is an agent multiple-employer, statewide public employee pension plan established by the Michigan Legislature under Public Act 135 of 1945 and administered by a nine member Retirement Board. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained accessing the MERS website at www.mersofmich.com.

Benefits Provided. Pension benefits vary by division/bargaining unit and are calculated as final average compensation (based on a 5 year period) and a multiplier of 2.0%. Participants are considered to be fully vested in the plan after 10 years. Normal retirement age is 60 with early retirement at age 55 with 25 years of service, age 50 with 25 years of service or age 55 with 15 years of service. The Plan is closed to new members.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. At the December 31, 2021 valuation date, plan membership consisted of the following:

Total membership	75
Active employees	16
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	10
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	49

Contributions. The employer is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by the MERS Retirement Board. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. As of June 30, 2022, employer contributions were \$21,225 per month. In addition, the employer may establish contribution rates to be paid by its covered employees. During the year ended June 30, 2022, employee contributions of 2.0% were required.

Notes to Financial Statements

Net Pension Liability. The Library's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.00% in the long-term
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of investment and administrative
	expense including inflation

The base mortality tables used are constructed as described below and are based on are amount weighted sex distinct rates:

- Pre-retirement mortality based on 100% of Pub-2010 Juvenile Mortality Tables for ages 0-17, 100% of PubG-2010 Employee Mortality Tables for Ages 18-80, and 100% of PubG-2010 Healthy Retiree Tables for ages 81-120
- Non-disabled retired plan members and beneficiaries mortality based on 106% of Pub-2010 Juvenile Mortality Tables for ages 0-17, 106% of PubG-2010 Employee Mortality Tables for Ages 18-49, and 106% of PubG-2010 Healthy Retiree Tables for ages 50-120
- Disables retired plan members mortality based on 100% of Pub-2010 Juvenile Mortality Tables for ages 0-17, and 100% of PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Tables for ages 18-120

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2021 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study of 2014-2018.

Notes to Financial Statements

Long-term Expected Rate of Return. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment and administrative expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return	Expected Money- Weighted Rate of Return
Clobal aquity	60.0%	4 50%	2.70%
Global equity		4.50%	
Global fixed income	20.0%	2.00%	0.40%
Private investments	20.0%	7.00%	1.40%
	100.0%		
Inflation			2.50%
Administrative expenses netted above			0.25%
Investment rate of return			7.25%

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability as of December 31, 2021 was 7.25% (down from 7.60% at December 31, 2020). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to Financial Statements

Changes in Net Pension Liability

The components of the change in the net pension liability are summarized as follows:

	То	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		et Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at December 31, 2020	\$	9,454,820	\$	7,449,233	\$	2,005,587
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		79,018		-		79,018
Interest		696,656		-		696,656
Differences between expected and						
actual experience		(293,672)		-		(293,672)
Changes in assumptions		308,653		-		308,653
Employer contributions		-		353,654		(353,654)
Employee contributions		-		20,222		(20,222)
Net investment income		-		984,875		(984,875)
Benefit payments, including refunds of						
employee contributions		(655 <i>,</i> 599)		(655,599)		-
Administrative expense		-		(11,684)		11,684
Net changes		135,056		691,468		(556,412)
Ralances at December 21, 2021	ć	0 5 9 0 9 7 6	Ś	9 140 701	ć	1 440 175
Balances at December 31, 2021	Ş	9,589,876	Ş	8,140,701	Ş	1,449,175

Changes in assumptions. In 2022, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from a decrease in the assumed rate of return from 7.35% to 7.00%.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the Library, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the Library's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (6.25%) or 1% higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

19	6 Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)		1% Increase (8.25%)			
\$	2,433,079	\$	1,449,175	\$	610,132		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Plan financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Library recognized pension expense of \$306,361. The Library reported deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Out	eferred tflows of sources	In	eferred flows of esources	Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources	
Difference between expected and						
actual experience	\$	-	\$	146,836	\$	(146,836)
Changes in assumptions		154,326		-		154,326
Net difference between projected and actual						
earnings on pension plan investments		-		579,690		(579,690)
		154,326		726,526		(572,200)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		127,699		-		127,699
Total	\$	282,025	\$	726,526	\$	(444,501)

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability for the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Amount				
2023	\$	(75,004)			
2024		(240,226)			
2025		(170,995)			
2026		(85,975)			
Total	\$	(572,200)			

Payable to the Pension Plan. At June 30, 2022, the Library had no amounts outstanding for contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2022.

The net pension liability is generally liquidated by the general fund.

Notes to Financial Statements

Defined Contribution Plan

The Library also maintains a Section 401(k) defined contribution plan administered by MERS. All employees of the Library hired after February 1, 2017 are eligible to participate in the Plan. Participants may contribute annual compensation as defined in either Plan up to the maximum allowed by the Internal Revenue Service. The defined contribution provisions of the plan require the Library to contribute 6% to 7% of covered employee payroll. Total employer and employee contributions were \$82,859 and \$22,910, respectively, for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Defined Compensation Plan

The Library also maintains a Section 457 defined compensation plan administered by MERS. All employees of the Library are eligible to participate in the Plan. Participants may contribute annual compensation as defined in either Plan up to the maximum allowed by the Internal Revenue Service. The Library is not required to contribute to the plan. Total employee contributions totaled \$56,758 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 8, the Library provides postemployment health care benefits, in accordance with union contracts and approved personnel policy for full-time permanent employees, to all employees who retire from the Library on or after attaining age 55, but prior to attaining age 65. During the year there were no retirees receiving benefits. The Library provides for single person coverage up to \$155 per month or two-person coverage up to \$300 per month for up to 18 months after retirement. No benefit is provided if the retiree can obtain no cost coverage through other employment or through a spouse's employment. However, retired employees who are eligible to receive hospital, surgical and medical coverage from another employer sponsored plan may request reimbursement for any premium cost up to the maximum amounts as stated above. All retirees and their spouses, including surviving spouses and/or dependents, are eligible for participation in the Library's Group Health Insurance by paying the established premiums. During the fiscal year, there were no expenditures paid for postemployment health care benefits. Such premiums are expected to be funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. An actuarial valuation of the Library's liability for these benefits in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75 has not been performed. Inasmuch as the plan is only open to a small number of Library employees, management has determined that the net other postemployment benefit liability would be immaterial to the financial statements taken as a whole.

10. NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

The composition of net investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2022, was as follows:

Capital assets, net	\$ 7,815,045
Less: Total lease payable	 (33,534)
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 7,781,511

Notes to Financial Statements

11. TAX ABATEMENTS

The Library received reduced property tax revenues during 2022 as a result of industrial facilities tax exemptions (IFT's) and other agreements entered into by the City of Holland and Holland Township. The City of Holland has offered tax incentives and abatements to create jobs, stimulate investment, provide affordable housing, rehabilitate existing residential, commercial and industrial properties, clean up environmentally contaminated properties, redevelop functionally obsolete properties, encourage high tech innovation, and enhance economic growth in the region.

The three tax incentive programs provided by the City of Holland as of December 31, 2021, and the amount of taxes abated for each of the programs for Herrick District Library for the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

Industrial Facility Tax Exemption (IFT)	\$	60,603
Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT)		22,135
Brownfield Redevelopment Financing Act		86,217
	Ş	168,955

12. CORONAVIRUS (COVID-19)

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the novel coronavirus outbreak (COVID-19) to be a global pandemic. The pandemic has resulted in operational challenges for the Library as it determines the appropriate methods to provide services to its citizens. At this time, management does not believe that any ongoing negative financial impact related to the pandemic, if any, would be material to the Library.



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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information

MERS Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Schedule of Changes in the Library's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

	Year Ended June 30,						
		2022		2021		2020	2019
Total pension liability							
Service cost	\$	79,018	\$	90,624	\$	100,317	\$ 99,711
Interest		696,656		653,771		657,429	659,414
Change in benefits		-		-		-	-
Differences between expected and							
actual experience		(293,672)		18,921		6,018	(178,786)
Changes of assumptions		308,653		447,391		237,627	-
Benefit payments, including refunds							
of employee contributions		(655,599)		(625,655)		(598,659)	 (612,208)
Net change in total pension liability		135,056		585,052		402,732	(31,869)
Total pension liability, beginning of year		9,454,820		8,869,768		8,467,036	 8,498,905
Total pension liability, end of year		9,589,876		9,454,820		8,869,768	 8,467,036
Plan fiduciary net position							
Employer contributions		353,654		343,094		341,056	280,428
Employee contributions		20,222		22,897		24,442	23,972
Net investment income (loss)		984,875		930,861		832,750	(258,640)
Benefit payments, including refunds							
of employee contributions		(655 <i>,</i> 599)		(625 <i>,</i> 655)		(598,659)	(612,208)
Administrative expense		(11,684)		(13,451)		(14,316)	 (12,937)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		691,468		657,746		585,273	(579,385)
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning of year		7,449,233		6,791,487		6,206,214	 6,785,599
Plan fiduciary net position, end of year		8,140,701		7,449,233		6,791,487	 6,206,214
Library's net pension liability	\$	1,449,175	\$	2,005,587	\$	2,078,281	\$ 2,260,822
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		84.9%		78.8%		76.6%	73.3%
Covered payroll	\$	912,322	\$	1,056,993	\$	1,175,192	\$ 1,165,256
Library's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		158.8%		189.7%		176.8%	194.0%

See notes to required supplementary information.

			Year Ende	ed Jui	ne 30,		
	2018		2017 2016			2015	
\$	97,650	\$	128,769	\$	118,525	\$	127,760
	651,089		637,916		604,421		587,753
	(11,785)		(14,815)		-		-
	7,645		69,938		146,374		
	7,045		09,938		354,428		-
	-		-		554,420		-
	(670,959)		(612,207)		(550,280)		(467,441)
	73,640		209,601		673,468		248,072
	0 175 765		9 215 664		7 542 106		7 204 124
	8,425,265		8,215,664		7,542,196		7,294,124
	8,498,905		8,425,265		8,215,664		7,542,196
	0,100,000		0) 120)200		0,220,000		.,
	316,266		154,501		142,625		143,447
	20,004		8,161		-		-
	811,515		674,268		(95,659)		409,355
	(670.050)		(642 207)		(550.200)		
	(670,959)		(612,207)		(550,280)		(467,441)
	<u>(12,891)</u> 463,935		<u>(13,332)</u> 211,391		<u>(14,200)</u> (517,514)		<u>(14,971)</u> 70,390
	403,933		211,391		(517,514)		70,390
	6,321,664		6,110,273		6,627,787		6,557,397
	6,785,599		6,321,664		6,110,273	<u> </u>	6,627,787
\$	1,713,306	\$	2,103,601	\$	2,105,391	\$	914,409
	79.8%		75.0%		74.4%		87.9%
Ś	1,178,842	\$	1,606,338	\$	1,468,081	\$	1,584,563
ډ	1,170,042	ې	1,000,338	ې	1,400,001	ç	1,004,005
	145.3%		131.0%		143.4%		57.7%

Required Supplementary Information

MERS Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan Schedule of Contributions

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	De	ctuarially termined ntribution	Rela Ac De	ributions in tion to the ctuarially termined ntribution		ntribution eficiency) Excess	Cov	ered Payroll	Contributions as Percentage of Covered Payroll
2022	~	255 040	~	202.040	<u>,</u>	435 000	~	000 070	20.2%
2022	\$	255,049	\$	380,049	\$	125,000	\$	966,972	39.3%
2021		202,608		348,176		145,568		1,085,459	32.1%
2020		192,444		318,580		126,136		1,207,904	26.4%
2019		237,396		302,574		65,178		1,204,741	25.1%
2018		193,104		333,112		140,008		1,199,519	27.8%
2017		163,129		163,129		-		1,030,780	15.8%
2016		147,813		147,813		-		1,555,194	9.5%
2015		142,958		142,958		-		1,534,331	9.3%

See notes to required supplementary information.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

MERS Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Notes to the Schedule of Changes in the Library's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of December 31 of the preceding year.

Note: GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015. This schedule is being built prospectively. Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented.

Changes in assumptions. In 2016, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted primarily from adjustments to the mortality table to reflect longer lifetimes, decreases in the assumed rate of return, and changes in asset smoothing.

In 2020, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted primarily from a decrease in the assumed rate of return from 7.75% to 7.35%, and a decrease in the assumed rate of wage inflation from 3.75% to 3.00%.

In 2021, amounts reported as changes of assumptions related to updated demographic assumptions, including adjustments to the following actuarial assumptions: mortality, retirement, disability, and termination rates.

In 2022, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from a decrease in the assumed rate of return from 7.35% to 7.00%.

Notes to Schedule of Contributions

Note: GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015. This schedule is being built prospectively. Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented.

Valuation Date Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of the December 31 that is 18 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates (2022, based on the 12/31/2019 actuarial valuation):

Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal
Amortization method	Level percent of payroll, closed
Remaining amortization	
period	19 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smooth market
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.00% in the long-term
Investment rate of return	7.35%, net of investment and administrative expense including inflation
Normal retirement age	Age 60
Mortality	50% Female/50% Male blend of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant
	Mortality Tables with rates multiplied by 105%, the RP-2014 Employee
	Mortality Tables, and the RP-2014 Juvenile Mortality Tables

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INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

November 7, 2022

Board of Trustees Herrick District Library Holland, Michigan

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of *Herrick District Library* (the "Library"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 7, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Library's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Library's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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